



AR Technical School

200 East Washington Avenue
North Little Rock, Arkansas 72114
501-376-9696 (Campus)
844-909-4247 (24 Hour Admissions)
Accreditation: ACCSC

AR College of Barbering & Hair Design

9100 N. Roney Parham Road Suite 101
Little Rock, Arkansas 72205
501-716-2767 (Campus)
844-909-4247 (24 Hour Admissions)
Accreditation: ACCSC

AR Beauty School- Little Rock

8521 Geyer Springs Road Unit 30
Little Rock, Arkansas 72209
501-562-5673 (Campus)
844-910-4247 (24 Hour Admissions)
Accreditation: NACCAS

From the U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Handbook Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics

Training programs in the Barber Hair Design and Barber Teacher, Manager, Instructor (TMI) Programs are only offered at Arkansas Technical School and Arkansas College of Barbering & Hair Design

BARBERS, HAIRDRESSERS, AND COSMETOLOGIST:
<https://www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes395011.htm>

What Do Barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists do:

- Inspect hair, face, and scalp to recommend treatment
- Discuss hairstyle options
- Wash, color, and condition hair
- Cut or trim, dry, and style hair
- Receive payments from clients
- Clean and sanitize all tools and work areas
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Barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists focus on providing hair and beauty services to enhance clients' appearance. Those who operate their own barbershops or salons have managerial duties that may include hiring, supervising, and firing workers, as well as keeping business and inventory records, ordering supplies, and arranging for advertising.

Barbers cut, trim, shampoo, and style hair mostly for male clients. They also may fit hairpieces and offer facial shaving. In every state, barbers are licensed to color, bleach, and highlight hair and to offer permanent-wave services. Common tools include combs, scissors, and clippers.

Work Environment. Barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists held about 608,900 jobs in 2021. Nearly half were self-employed.

Employment in the detailed occupations that make up barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists was distributed as follows:

Barbers, Hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists	608,900
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Barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists work mostly in a barbershop or salon, although some work in a spa, hotel, or resort. Some lease booth space from a salon owner. Some manage salons or open their own shop after several years of experience.

Barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists usually work in pleasant surroundings with good lighting. Physical stamina is important because they are on their feet for most of their shift. Prolonged exposure

to some chemicals may cause skin irritation, so they often wear protective clothing, such as disposable gloves or aprons.

Work Schedules. Many barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists work full time, however part-time positions are also common. Those who run their own barbershop or salon may have long hours. Work schedules often include evenings and weekends—the times when barbershops and beauty salons are busiest. Those who are self-employed usually determine their own schedules.

Compensation. The median hourly wage for barbers was \$40,911 in May 2021. The median wage is the wage at which half the workers in an occupation earned more than that amount, and half earned less. The lowest 10 percent earned less than \$11,569, and the highest 10 percent earned more than \$84,988.

Barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists may receive tips from customers. High quality work and customer service usually contribute to greater tip totals.

Many barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists work full time, however part-time positions are also common. Those who run their own barbershop or salon may have additional hours. Work schedules often include evenings and weekends—the times when beauty salons and barbershops are busiest. Those who are self-employed usually determine their own schedules.

MANICURIST/NAIL TECHNICIAN:

<https://www.bls.gov/ooh/personal-care-and-service/manicurists-and-pedicurists.htm>

What Manicurists Do

Manicurists work exclusively on the hands and feet, providing treatments to groom fingernails and toenails. A typical treatment involves soaking the clients' hands or feet to soften the skin in order to remove dead skin cells. Manicurists and pedicurists apply lotion to the hands and feet to moisturize the skin. They may also shape and apply polish to artificial fingernails.

The median salary for manicurists and pedicurists was \$35,761 annually in May 2021. The median wage is the wage at which half the workers in an occupation earned more than that amount and half earned less. The lowest 10 percent earned less than \$13,869, and the highest 10 percent earned more than \$77,634. Although most manicurists and pedicurists work full time, some have variable schedules and work part time. Schedules may vary according to the type of establishment. For example, a full-service salon may require manicurists and pedicurists to work an 8-hour day. However, a boutique hair salon may require fewer work hours on a part-time basis. Longer workdays are not unusual for self-employed workers. Weekends and evenings tend to be the busiest times for manicurists and pedicurists.

Manicurists and pedicurists held about 163,600 jobs in 2021. The largest employers of manicurists and pedicurists were as follows:

Personal care services	70%
Self-employed workers	27

Work Environment

Manicurists and pedicurists usually work in a nail salon, spa, or hair salon. Most manicurists and pedicurists work full time, although part-time work is common. Work schedules may vary and often include evenings and weekends.

Employment of manicurists and pedicurists is projected to grow 22 percent from 2021 to 2031, much faster than the average for all occupations.

About 26,600 openings for manicurists and pedicurists are projected each year, on average, over the decade. Many of those openings are expected to result from the need to replace workers who transfer to different occupations or exit the labor force, such as to retire. Considered a low-cost luxury service, manicures and pedicures will continue to be in demand by individuals at all income levels.

ESTHETICIAN/SKINCARE SPECIALIST:

<https://www.bls.gov/ooh/personal-care-and-service/manicurists-and-pedicurists.htm>

What Estheticians Do

Skincare specialists provide facials, full-body treatments, and head and neck massages to improve the health and appearance of the skin. Some may provide other skin care treatments, such as peels, masks, or scrubs, to remove dead or dry skin. In addition to working with clients, skincare specialists create daily skin care routines based on skin analysis and help clients understand which skin care products will work best for them. A growing number of specialists actively sell skin care products, such as cleansers, lotions, and creams. Those who operate their own salons have managerial duties that include hiring, firing, and supervising workers, as well as keeping business and inventory records, ordering supplies, and arranging for advertising.

The median annual salary for skincare specialists was \$37,300 in May 2021. The median wage is the wage at which half the workers in an occupation earned more than that amount and half earned less. The lowest 10 percent earned less than \$12,554, and the highest 10 percent earned more than \$88,027.

In May 2021, the median hourly wages for skincare specialists in the top industries in which they worked were as follows:

Offices of physicians	\$20.25
Personal care services	17.22
Health and personal care stores	15.81
Traveler accommodation	15.21

Skincare specialists held about 80,500 jobs in 2021. The largest employers of skincare specialists were as follows:

Personal care services	48%
Self-employed workers	27
Health and personal care stores	8
Offices of physicians	8
Traveler accommodation	3

Employment of skincare specialists is projected to grow 17 percent from 2021 to 2031, much faster than the average for all occupations.

The projected increase in employment reflects demand for services being offered, such as mini-sessions (quick facials at a lower cost) and mobile facials (making house calls) directly from skincare specialists rather than hairdressers, hairstylists, and cosmetologists. Employment growth also should result from the desire among many women and a growing number of men who seek out skincare services to reduce the effects of aging, to look good on social media platforms, and to lead a healthier lifestyle through better grooming.

TEACHER, MANAGER, INSTRUCTOR (TMI)/TEACHER TRAINER:

<https://www.bls.gov/ooh/education-training-and-library/career-and-technical-education-teachers.htm>

What do Teacher, Manager, Instructors (TMI) and Teacher Trainers do?

In the state of Arkansas, instructors in the Barber/Hair Design are known as Teacher, Manager, Instructors (TMI's). Professional licensed to teach in any cosmetology-based training program (cosmetology, manicuring, esthetics) are known as Teacher Trainers.

These professionals are responsible for teaching students in barber training programs (TMI's) or cosmetology training programs (Teacher Trainers). They provide the foundational principles and technical techniques of various cosmetology practice and barber practices such as skin care, hair cutting and styling, makeup, and nails.

What Career and Technical Education Teachers Do

Career and technical education teachers instruct students in various technical and vocational subjects, such as barbering, cosmetology, auto repair, healthcare, and culinary arts.

Work Environment

Most career and technical education teachers work in middle, high, and postsecondary schools, such as 2-year colleges. Others work in technical, trade, and business schools. Although they generally work during school hours, some teach evening or weekend classes.

How to Become a Career or Technical Education Teacher

Career and technical education teachers typically need at least a bachelor's degree and work experience in the subject that they teach. Public school teachers may be required to have a state-issued teaching certification or license.

Pay

The median annual wage for career and technical education teachers was \$39,249 in May 2021.

Job Outlook

Overall employment of career and technical education teachers is projected to grow 2 percent from 2021 to 2031, slower than the average for all occupations.

Despite limited employment growth, about 17,200 openings for career and technical education teachers are projected each year, on average, over the decade. Most of those openings are expected to result from the need to replace workers who transfer to different occupations or exit the labor force, such as to retire.

As an accredited institution, Arkansas Technical School and Arkansas College of Barbering & Hair Design are required by ACCSC to complete an annual report. The following statistics are from the annual report. See next page for Outcome Rates for Arkansas Beauty School-Little Rock (accredited by NACCAS).

Outcome Rates

As an accredited institution, Arkansas Technical School is required by ACCSC to complete an annual report. The outcomes of the most recent annual report are listed below:

ATS Barber/Hair Design Program(data derived from October 2019-September 2020)

1. Graduation = 70% (10 out of 13 students)
2. Licensure =75% (3 out of 4 students)
3. Placement = 100% (7 out of 7 students)

ACBHD Barber/Hair Design Program (data derived from October 2019 - September 2020)

1. Graduation = 64% (9 out of 14 students)
2. Licensure = 80% (4 out of 5 students)
3. Placement = 88% (7 out of 8 students)

ATS Teacher, Manager, Instructor Program (data derived from July 2020 - June 2021)

1. Graduation = 100% (1 out of 1 students)
2. Licensure = 100% (1 out of 1 students)
3. Placement = 100% (1 out of 1 students)

ACBHD Teacher, Manager, Instructor Program (data derived from July 2020 - June 2021)

1. Graduation = 100% (1 out of 1 students)
2. Licensure = 100% (1 out of 1 students)
3. Placement = 100% (1 out of 1 students)

ATS Cosmetology (data derived from October 2019-September 2020)

1. Graduation = 67% (2 out of 3 students)
2. Licensure =100% (2 out of 2 students)
3. Placement = 100% (2 out of 2 students)

Statistics unavailable at the time of this report for Manicuring, Instructor Training, & Esthetics programs at Arkansas Technical School

As an accredited institution, Arkansas Beauty School- Little Rock is required by NACCAS to complete an annual report. The following statistics are from the annual report.

Outcome Rates

As an accredited institution, Arkansas Beauty School-Little Rock is required by NACCAS to complete an annual report.

Outcome rates for the 2022 Reporting Year (data derived from Jan 2021 - Dec 2021 cohorts):

- Graduation Rate: 66.67%
- Placement Rate: 62.96%
- Licensure Rate: 84.44%

Reasons to Pursue a Career

The following 10 reasons to pursue a career might just be the push you need if you are considering a career in this field:

1. It is a job you can take with you.

Barbers/cosmetologists/manicurist/esthetics are employed in almost every geographic area of the United States and all around the world. Different licensing requirements may vary from state to state, but the basic skills and experiences will transfer with you.

2. It is a creative outlet.

Unlike so many of the boring and mundane jobs out there, jobs in the barber/cosmetology field such as hair styling and make-up artistry provide an excellent creative outlet. Each client is like a pallet, and the finished product is your work of art.

3. You can have a flexible schedule.

Barber/cosmetology/manicurist/esthetics careers often have very flexible schedules. Barbers, hair stylists, estheticians and other cosmetologists may work full time, part time, weekdays, weekends, day shifts or night shifts depending on their preferences and other obligations.

4. You can make a good income.

If you are good at what you do, people will want to come back again and again, and if you have a good personality, the tips will follow. There is potential to make good money with a successful career.

5. It is a fun work environment.

Every workplace is different, but jobs in the barber/cosmetology/manicuring/esthetics field are often in a much more relaxed environment. Hair, make-up and skincare services are not serious and heavy; it is a lighthearted and fun kind of work.

6. It is easy to have passion for the job.

Most people pursue the field of barber/cosmetology because they have some sort of passion for it. This makes it much easier to get out of bed every morning and do the best you can do at your job.

7. There are plenty of workplace options.

There are many places to look for work as a barber/cosmetologist including salons, spas, health clubs, resorts, department stores, skincare offices, barber shops and more. Many cosmetologists also prefer the freedom of going "freelance."

8. There is a relatively short schooling period.

It is possible to complete the schooling and licensing requirements for many barber/cosmetology careers in less than one year.

9. You can earn a steady paycheck.

There will always be a need for barbers/cosmetologists as long as people have a desire to look and feel their best.

10. There are a variety of specializations.

As a barber/cosmetologist/manicurist/esthetician, you may specialize in hair styling, cutting, skin care, make-up, waxing, laser hair removal, nail artistry or any number of other specializations.

Entrance Requirements

- Valid Arkansas Driver's License/ID
- Social Security Card
- High School Diploma or sealed transcript/G.E.D Diploma
- Previous/Current year's Tax Returns/ W2s (for financial aid purposes)

Barber Hair/Design and TMI License Requirements

The Arkansas State Board of Barber Examiners issues the written and practical examination that is required to be passed to get licensed. The written and practical examination fees are \$75 for Barber/Hair Design and \$80 for TMI. Once you successfully pass both portions of the examination the license fee is \$50 for Licensed Barbers and \$40 for Licensed TMI's.

For restoration of an expired certificate to practice as a registered barber, sixty-five dollars (\$65.00)

IF you have a felony, you may be required to provide additional documentation to the Arkansas State Board of Barber Examiners (barber training programs) or the Arkansas Department of Health-Cosmetology section for those entering cosmetology-based training programs for approval to attend school. Arkansas Technical School, Arkansas College of Barbering & Hair Design, Arkansas Beauty School- Little Rock reserves the right to deny enrollment to a student with a felony regardless of the Arkansas State Board of Barber Examiners approving that student to attend school.

Cosmetology, Esthetics, Manicuring, and Teacher Training Requirements:

State licensing requirements vary. However, applicants need to be at least 16 years old and have a high school diploma or the equivalent. After completing a state-approved cosmetology, esthetics or manicurist program, manicurists and pedicurists must take a written exam and a practical exam to get a license through their state board. School must submit a Certificate of Training Form. Forms can be downloaded online at www.arkansas.gov/cos

License Requirements: A candidate who wishes to obtain a Cosmetologist license must pass both a written and a practical examination. To qualify to take either of these examinations, a candidate must:

1. Have successfully completed a 1500-hour course of instruction in a cosmetology program section or 600-hour course of instruction in esthetics or manicuring program section of an approved school of cosmetology. School must submit a Certificate of Training Form. Forms can be downloaded online at www.arkansas.gov/cos
2. Be at least 16 years old.
3. Must have completed the 10th grade or its equivalent

Cosmetology Practical Exam Fee \$65.00

Cosmetology Written Exam Fee: \$60.00 paid to PSI

IMPORTANT INDUSTRY QUALITIES

Business skills. Hair, nail, and skincare specialists who run their own salons or spas must understand general business principles. For example, they should be skilled at administrative tasks, such as accounting and personnel management, and be able to manage a salon efficiently and profitably.

Creativity. Cosmetologists, estheticians, and manicurists must keep up with the latest trends and be ready to try new hairstyles for their clients.

Customer-service skills. Workers must be pleasant, friendly, and able to interact with customers in order to retain clients.

Listening skills. Cosmetologists, estheticians, and manicurists should be good listeners. They must listen carefully to what the client wants in order to make sure that the client is happy with the result.

Physical stamina. Cosmetologists, estheticians, and manicurists must be able to stand on their feet for long periods.

Good personal hygiene and sanitation practices. Workers must keep a neat personal appearance and keep their work area clean and sanitary. This requirement is necessary for the health and safety of their clients, as well as to make the clients comfortable enough to want to return.

Time-management skills. Time-management skills are important in scheduling appointments and providing services.

Dexterity. A steady hand is essential in achieving a creative and precise nail design. Also, because haircutters and manicurists often use sharp tools, they must have good finger dexterity.

TUITION & FEES
(ATS and ACBHD)

BARBER/HAIR STYLIST/COSMETOLOGY PROGRAM

TUITION	\$19,455.00
APPLICATION FEE	\$100.00
REGISTRATION FEE	\$250.00
BOOKS, SUPPLIES, UNIFORM, KIT	\$2,000.00
TOTAL COST	<u>\$21,805.00</u>

MANICURING/ESTHETICS/TEACHER TRAINING/TMI

TUITION	\$7,782.00
APPLICATION FEE	\$100.00
REGISTRATION FEE	\$250.00
BOOKS, SUPPLIES, UNIFORM, KIT	\$2,000.00
TOTAL COST	<u>\$10,132.00</u>

TUITION AND FEE INFORMATION

(ARBS-LR)

Cosmetology Program Tuition:	\$19,455
REGISTRATION FEE:	\$250
APPLICATION FEE:	\$100
BOOKS, SUPPLIES, UNIFORM AND KIT:	\$2,000
TOTAL COST:	<u>\$21,805</u>

Esthetics, Manicuring, & Teacher Training Tuition:	\$7,782
Registration Fee:	\$250
Application Fee:	\$100
Books, Supplies, Uniform, And Kit:	\$2,000
TOTAL COST:	<u>\$10,132</u>

ADDITIONAL FEES

Official Transcript	\$10.00
Copy of permanent record fee	\$2.00
State Board Exam (Barber/Hair Stylist)	\$75.00
State Board License Fee (Barber/Hair stylist)	\$50.00
State Board Exam Fee (TMI)	\$80.00
State Board Exam License (TMI)	\$40.00
Cosmetology State Board Written Exam Fee (PSI)	\$60.00
Cosmetology State Board Practical Exam Fee	\$65.00
Early Termination/Withdrawal Fee	\$150.00
Replacement Student ID	\$10.00
Replacement Laptop or Tablet	\$150.00
Replacement Smock	\$25.00
Intercampus Transfer Fee (ATS and ACBHD only)	\$75.00
Replacement Kit	\$1,355.00
Replacement Book/Code	\$295.00

Installment Method: Students may choose to make monthly payments. The first payment is made no later than the first week of class and then continues monthly until paid in full.

CLASS SCHEDULES

Arkansas Technical School and Arkansas Beauty School- Little Rock

Day Schedule

8:00 am - 2:30 pm Tuesday-Friday, 8 am - 4:30 pm Saturday

Evening Schedule

3:00 pm – 8:00 pm Monday-Friday

Arkansas College of Barbering & Hair Design

Day Schedule

9:00 am – 3:30 pm Tuesday-Friday, 9:00 am - 5:30 pm Saturday

Evening Schedule

4:00 pm – 9:00 pm Tuesday – Friday, 9:00 am to 1:00 pm or 12: pm to 5:00 pm Saturday

Class Start Dates

Classes start on a semi-monthly basis, on or around the 1st and 3rd Tuesday of each month. During Certain times of the year the school will offer rolling admissions with classes starting weekly.

Financial Aid

What types of financial aid are available?

Information for financial aid is available at <https://studentaid.gov/>

Arkansas Technical School, Arkansas College of Barbering and Hair Design, and Arkansas Beauty School-Little Rock are approved by the United States Department of Education. Barber/Cosmetology students wanting financial aid should consider the various programs

Our programs are set by the U.S. Department of Education guidelines. Whether a student is eligible for assistance, and how much is determined by the need of the particular student. Each case is different. The school makes an evaluation on the individual, privately and impartially.

Federal Pell Grant

- A Federal Pell Grant, unlike a loan, does not have to be repaid. Federal Pell Grants usually are awarded only to undergraduate students who have not earned a bachelor's or a professional degree.
- Amounts can change yearly. For the 2023-24 award year (July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024), the maximum award will be \$7,395. The amount you get, though, will depend on
 - your financial need,
 - your cost of attendance,
 - your status as a full-time or part-time student, and
 - your plans to attend school for a full academic year or less.
- You may not receive Federal Pell Grant funds from more than one school at a time.
- **Effective on July 1, 2012, you can receive the Federal Pell Grant for no more than 12 semesters or the equivalent (roughly six years)**

Federal Direct Loans- Subsidized and Unsubsidized

- Subsidized and unsubsidized loans are federal student loans for eligible students to help cover the cost of higher education at a four-year college or university, community college, or trade, career, or technical school. The U.S. Department of Education offers eligible students at participating schools Direct Subsidized Loans and Direct Unsubsidized Loans.
- **LOANS MUST BE REPAYED.**

Subsidized Loans

- Direct Subsidized Loans are available to undergraduate students with financial need.
- Your school determines the amount you can borrow, and the amount may not exceed your financial need.
- The U.S. Department of Education pays the interest on a Direct Subsidized Loan
 - while you are in school at least half-time,
 - for the first six months after you leave school (referred to as a grace period*), and
 - during a period of deferment (a postponement of loan payments).

Unsubsidized Loans

- Direct Unsubsidized Loans are available to undergraduate and graduate students; there is no requirement to demonstrate financial need.
- Your school determines the amount you can borrow based on your cost of attendance and other financial aid you receive.

- You are responsible for paying the interest on a Direct Unsubsidized Loan during all periods.
- If you choose not to pay the interest while you are in school and during grace periods and deferment or forbearance periods, your interest will accrue (accumulate) and be capitalized (that is, your interest will be added to the principal amount of your loan).

PLUS

- The U.S. Department of Education is the lender.
- The borrower must not have an adverse credit history.
- The maximum loan amount is the student's cost of attendance (determined by the school) minus any other financial aid received.

Who qualifies for financial aid?

1. You are enrolled at least half time (23 hours per week)
2. You are a US citizen or an eligible non-citizen
3. You show you have a need (the difference between the cost of education and expected family contribution). Need is determined by the information supplied by the student on the application for financial aid (FAFSA).
4. You are making satisfactory progress towards completing your program of student.
5. You are not in default on an education loan.
6. You do not have an overpayment on a Pell Grant or SEOG at any school.

How do I apply for Financial Aid?

1. The student must complete the application for Federal student aid at <https://studentaid.gov/>
2. If you are interested in taking out a student loan, you must complete entrance counseling at <https://studentaid.gov/>
3. For loans, you must also complete the Master Promissory Note (MPN) at <https://studentaid.gov/>
4. Use the school code 030234 when completing the FAFSA, Entrance Counseling, and MPN. The Financial Aid Office must receive confirmation electronically.

How does my tuition and fees get paid?

Disbursements are made directly to the school. In most cases, the Federal Student Loans and Pell Grant will be disbursed at

1500 Clock-hour Program

1 - 450 hours
 451 - 900 hours
 901 - 1200 hours
 1201 - 1500 hours

600 clock-hour programs

1 - 300 hours
 301 - 600 hours

Further explanation of the available programs may be obtained from our Financial Aid Administrator by calling 501-891-6283.